## **Optional Accessories**

Part No.	Part name	
< Container >	>	
RE-79100	15mL Beaker	
RE-79101	100mL Beaker	
RE-78141	Cup Adapter (with 100pc	
	* 50pcs of paper cups and 5	Opcs of plastic cups are included.
RE-79102	Paper Cup (90mL, 100pc	cs)
RE-79103	Plastic Cup (90mL, 100p	cs)
< Ultra Low A	dapter (ULA)>	
RE-77120	Ultra Low Adapter (ULA)-	
	Sample Adapter for Low	Viscosity Sample
	<ul> <li>Sample cylinder</li> </ul>	Cylinder holder
	• Hook	Hook holder
	<ul> <li>UL spindle</li> </ul>	• UL stand
	Extension (threaded tip)	)
RE-77107	UL spindle (with hook and	d hook holder)
RE-77121	Sample cylinder (with cap	and o-ring)
RE-77117	UL spindle 3pcs (with ho	ok and hook holder)
< Temperatur	re sensor >	

Part No.	Part name	
< Spindle >		
RE-77104	A1 Spindle	
RE-77105	A2 Spindle	
RE-77106	A3 Spindle	
RE-77114	A1 Spindle 5pcs	
RE-77115	A2 Spindle 5pcs	
RE-77116	A3 Spindle 5pcs	
RE-77100	Set of spindles (A1,A2,A3)	
< Viscosity S	Standard Liquid >	
RE-89030	Viscosity Standard Liquid 2	100mL
RE-89031	Viscosity Standard Liquid 5	100mL
RE-89036	Viscosity Standard Liquid 200	100mL
RE-89037	Viscosity Standard Liquid 500	100mL
RE-89038	Viscosity Standard Liquid 1000	100mL
RE-89039	Viscosity Standard Liquid 2000	100mL

\* Standard liquid with JCSS calibration certificates are available (JS2.5 to JS160000). Contact ATAGO for further details.

RE-75540 Temperature sensor

## Specifications Measurement range 1 to 350,000,000mPa·s, 1 to 350,000,000cP

	N//000714	10000TH 005
Model	VISCO™	VISCO™-895
Cat.No.	6800	6820
Materials	Housing: SUS, Aluminum · Legs,	Housing, legs, and stand + screw:
	and stand + screw: SUS	Aluminum
Dimensions	12×12×20cm, 1.2kg (main unit only),	12×12×20cm, 895g (main unit only),
and Weight	Stand+screw : 0.5kg	Stand+screw : 275g
	Small volume beaker attachment:	Small volume beaker attachment:
	0.1kg	0.1kg

#### The body, legs and stage of the VISCO<sup>™</sup>-895 are made from light-weight aluminum.

Contents



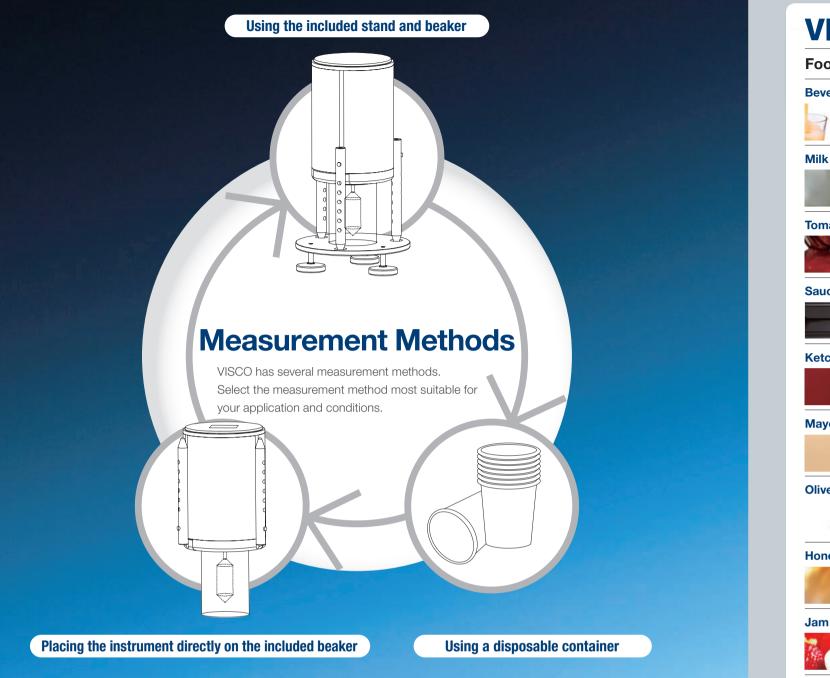
• Main unit	1
· Stand:	1
· S Beaker (15mL)	1
· L Beaker (100mL)	1
· AC adapter	1
$\cdot$ Spindles (A1, A2 and A3)	one each
<ul> <li>Temperature sensor</li> </ul>	1
· Small volume beaker attachmer	nt 1
· USB Mini-B cable (1m)	1
<ul> <li>1.5V AA alkaline batteries</li> </ul>	4
<ul> <li>Instruction manual</li> </ul>	1
<ul> <li>Inspection certificate</li> </ul>	1
<ul> <li>Spindle stand</li> </ul>	1
Protective cap	1
· Carrying case	1

Measurement Scales	Viscosity · Temperature · Torque%		
Measurement	Viscosity	A1 50 to 200,000mPa·s, 50 to 200,000cP	
Range		A2 100 to 600,000mPa·s, 100 to 600,000cP	
		A3 500 to 2,000,000mPa·s, 500 to 2,000,000cP	
		(1mPa·s=1cP)	
	Torque	0.0 to 100.0%	
		(recommended torque : 10.0 to 100.0%)	
	Temperature	0.0 to 100.0°C / 32.0 to 212.0°F	
Resolution	Viscosity	lower than 100mPa·s : 0.01mPa·s	
		100mPa·s or higher lower than 10,000mPa·s : 0.1mPa·s	
		10,000mPa·s or higher : 1mPa·s	
	Torque	Lower than 10% : 0.01%	
		10% or higher : 0.1%	
	Temperature	0.1°C / 0.1°F	
Measurement	Viscosity	±1% (Full scale)	
Accuracy	Temperature	±0.2°C / ±0.4°F	
Speed	0.5 to 250 rp	m, Number of speeds : 20	
Sample Temperature Range	5.0 to 90.0°C	c / 41.0 to 194.0°F	
Ambient Temperature	10 to 40°C		
Computer Output	Output : USE	3 - PC	
Battery Life (Approx.)	Approx. 7 ho	urs (continuous operation at 60rpm)	
Power Supply	DC6V (AA alk	aline batteries 1.5V×4)	
	AC adapter :	AC100 to 240V, 50/60Hz	





# VISCO<sup>TM</sup>



## VISCO Package

### Package A

Using disposable containers eliminates the hassle of cleaning after measurement. Package A, which includes a specialized adapter for use with disposable containers such as paper cups, is available at ATAGO.

- Cat.No.6810
- VISCO™ (main unit) · Cup Adapter (with 100pcs cups\*): RE-78141

• Cat.No.6830

· VISCO™-895 (main unit) · Cup Adapter (with 100pcs cups\*): RE-78141

\* 50pcs of paper cups and 50pcs of plastic cups are included.

Via Umberto Giordano, 5 - 35132 Padova **7etalab**.it Distribuito da: Tel 049 2021144 - Fax 049 2021143 Zetalab s.r.l. www.zetalab.it - email: info@zetalab.it



Measurement of low viscosity (1 to 2,000 mPa·s) is possible. A package that comes with Ultra Low Adapter (ULA) for measuring low viscosity sample and VISCO (main unit) is available.

#### Cat.No.6811

Cup adapter setup example

Cup

adapte

· VISCO™ (main unit) · Ultra Low Adapter (ULA): RE-77120

Cat.No.6831 · VISCO™-895 (main unit) · Ultra Low Adapter (ULA): RE-77120



<b>VISCO APPLI</b>	
Food and Beverage	
Beverages (e.g. juice, etc.)	Viscosity is critical parameter in t product reaches consumers.
Milk	In regards to milk, aside from wh (skim) milk. In general, nonfat mil
Tomato Juice/Purée	Tomato juice or purée must alwa Viscosity management is indispe
Sauce (Worcestershire sauce, thicker Worcester sauce, pork cutlet sauce, etc.)	There are many kinds of sauce. thicker Worcester sauce and por determined by JAS.
Ketchup	Ketchup, a pseudoplastic fluid, is upside-down. Applying a bit of for for reacting differently at varying
Mayonnaise	Mayonnaise also remains in its b viscosity. The greater the force a
Olive Oil	There are many vegetable basec when force is applied). Olive oil is
Honey	Honey is a Newtonian fluid. Its vi change in viscosity.
Jam	Imagine spreading jam on a piec making jam spreadable. Managir
Yogurt	Numerous factors throughout the pasteurization and pH management
Butter/Margarine	Butter is a Bingham plastic (a typ applied, but applying force past
Japanese Curry (curry roux)	Thickened curry (roux) is quite m changes it into a more paste-like stage of being sealed into a reto amount to extrude every time the
Gelatin / Agar	Viscosity measurements can be if the gelatin or agar completely s preventing measurements from b
Household Essentials	
Toothpaste	Toothpaste with a paste-like con It is important for toothpaste to b toothbrush, toothpaste at just th flattening.

beverage manufacturing, from the production phase all the way until the

hole milk (3.25%), there is reduced fat milk (2%), low-fat milk (1%) and nonfat hilk has the lowest viscosity.

vays flow through the production line under a constant, homogenized state. ensable to this process.

. These include (in ascending order of viscosity): Worcestershire sauce, ork cutlet sauce. In Japan, there are approximate levels or grades for viscosity

is characterized by its propensity to remain in its bottle even when turned force (squeezing) to the bottle causes the ketchup to flow out. It is also known a temperatures.

bottle, even when turned sideways or upside-down and maintains high applied, the easier it will flow out and the viscosity will decrease.

ed oils that are Newtonian fluids (a fluid that does not change viscosity even is a Newtonian fluid.

viscosity is not affected by force and speed. Only temperature can cause a

ece of toast. The jam easily glides across the toast. Viscosity is a crucial factor in ging the viscosity can be quite difficult, as jam contains solids.

he manufacturing process, such as how much fat is left in the yogurt, ment affect the final product and texture (viscosity).

ype of non-Newtonian fluid). It can not flow unless some degree of force is t a certain degree cause it to become more malleable in proportion to the force.

mainstream in Japan. Thickened curry is made by applying heat to flour, which ke consistency, resulting in an increase in viscosity. Even in the final processing ort pouch, the curry roux must maintain the same viscosity to allow the same he same amount of force is applied.

e used to check and manage the gelling process of gelatin or agar. However, v solidifies during viscosity measurement, a spindle-shaped gap will form, being taken.

nsistency is a Bingham plastic. It will not flow out unless the tube is squeezed. be at optimal viscosity. After applying the appropriate amount onto a he right viscosity will break cleanly from the tube and retain its shape without

#### Shampoo and Coditioner



Conditioner must have a particularly high viscosity, as it coats every single stand of hair. The components used in shampoo and conditioner may not mix well, but adding viscosity ensures that they are evenly maintained.

Cosmetics

Viscosity measurements and research in the rheological properties of cosmetics is conducted in order to give even slightly viscous cosmetics a smooth, light, easily spreadable quality when applied.

#### Industrial / Chemical

#### Adhesives

There are many types of adhesives for different purposes and applications. For example, structural adhesives include general adhesive for temporary bonding, gap-filling adhesive and adhesive used for coating purposes. Gap-filling adhesives: properties, such as bond strength, leveling (smoothness) and ease/difficulty of flow are assessed through viscosity measurements.

Water glass

**Besins**/Polymers



Water glass is also commonly known as, "Sodium silicate." It is often used in soaps and adhesives. It is also used in a wide variety of fields, such as engineering, paper manufacturing and pharmaceuticals. Water glass has an extraordinarily high viscosity.

Various kinds of resins and polymers have appeared in recent years. In addition to ascertaining their properties, viscosity assessment is also an absolute must.

Photopolymers (used in 3D printing)

With the spread of 3D printers, photopolymers have suddenly gained traction in the global market. When photopolymers are exposed to light and heat, their viscosity increases and they harden



Paint (brush application): good brushability and drip-resistant. Tends to have a low viscosity under a high-shear rate and high structural viscous properties under a low-shear rate.

Spray painting (coating): types of spray painting include air spray painting, airless spray painting and electrostatic coating. Most air spray paints have the same structural viscous properties as paint for brush applications. Airless spray painting and electrostatic coating is utilized in applications such as the final coating in automobile painting. As such, great emphasis is placed on the appearance and finish of the paint. Compared to paint for brush applications and air spray paint, most airless spray paints have a low viscosity, with similar properties to Newtonian fluids. The leveling of the paint after it's applied affects the overall appearance of the finished products

Electrodeposition (electrophoretic deposition): used for applying coatings to complex shapes/objects. Through electrodeposition, a film of coating is created on the surface of the target object. The object undergoes a baking or drying process, which makes the surface become smooth. This (leveling) is an extremely critical part of the process. It is necessary to use paint with viscosity sensitive to temperature.

moisturizing properties. It is also used in various food products as a thickening agent and as a humectant in

Glycerin is highly viscous and it's a great moisturizer. It is often added to cosmetics to increase their

Glycerin

pharmaceuticals.

**Hvdraulic Fluids** 



Lubricant

**Cutting Fluids** 

it may lead to deterioration in the lubricating properties of the fluid and adversely affect pump efficiency. In contrast, viscosity tends to increase as the temperature decreases, this can increase the usual amount of force needed to operate the pump, and may accelerate wear and tear. This is why you must select a hydraulic fluid with the optimal viscosity for your application.

The viscosity of hydraulic fluid tends to decrease as the temperature rises. If the viscosity decreases too much,

The viscosity of lubricant is a vital element, of which the life span is affected by the wear and tear of machinery. Depending on the viscosity, if too much heat is generated, the life span of a lubricant may be reduced. Not only does this increase costs, it also shortens the life span of the machinery. This is why managing the viscosity of lubricant is of the utmost importance.

A lot of heat is generated during machining processes. Cutting fluid has a low viscosity, which makes it well-suited for effectively dissipating heat. Low viscosity is also necessary for facilitating circulation and eliminating impurities. However, to ensure precision and control when spraying or coating, the viscosity must not be too low. Managing the viscosity of cutting oil is essential.

Slurry / Ceramic Slurry (ceramic mold casting)

"Slurry" indicates a fluid which contains solid, suspended granules. Due to its properties, if it not mixed, it may precipitate. Viscosity management is critical for ensuring a smooth transition.

## **Thick (viscous) Food Measurement**

## VISCO-Thickness Meter

In recent years, Japan has faced an ever increasing, aging population. "Longevity" isn't the only point of discussion - how to extend good health throughout life expectancy and what defines QOL (Quality of Life) have also become hot topics.

Food is of course fuel for life. We essentially "eat to live," but food holds greater significance. Food can also bring us joy as a source of pleasure in our lives. Food consistency is an important component that impacts the quality of life for individuals that have difficulty in chewing and swallowing (dysphagia). VISCO can assist in managing food consistency, thereby improving the quality of life.

## The Importance of Thickening Food

A common misconception found among dysphagia diets and care facility diet plans is thickening food/drink (by grinding, pureeing, mashing, chopping, or mincing) makes it easier to swallow.

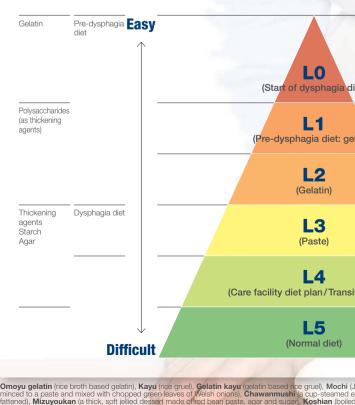
In reality, thickening food reduces the flow of the substance, and on the contrary, it becomes rather difficult to swallow. If this is the case, then just why is it important to thicken food?

Individuals with dysphagia (an affliction characterized by the failure in the automatic process of closing the respiratory tract to allow food to pass through the esophagus) need more time when swallowing to allow food to properly pass through the esophagus. Thickening food and beverages is effective in preventing food from accidentally passing through the respiratory tract.

## Enhancing the Way Food is Experienced

In the past, dysphagia diet assessment was based solely on "hardness," but recently, it has become common to assess dysphagia diets based on 3 criteria: hardness, cohesion (ease of clump formation) and adhesion (smoothness). There was also a time when the focus was on determining the best way of intaking food to absorb the most nutrition. Nevertheless, if you don't look forward to your meals or derive any enjoyment from eating in the first place, you may gradually stop eating much of anything. Flavor isn't the only aspect to consider; food texture (mouthfeel) is also regarded with great importance. Until now, from a number of standpoints such as cost, space (installation) and operation, large sized viscosity measurement devices and expensive texture meters were utterly ill-suited for personal use and for small-scale care facilities VISCO is compact, lightweight and portable, making it ideal for hospitals, care facilities or household use. It can quickly and easily measure and assess the textual properties (thickness) of foods for dysphagia diets and care facility diet plans. Using VISCO, anyone can look forward to savoring and enjoying safe, nutritious food.

## Dysphagia Diet Pyramid





	Dysphagia diet Main Foods				
	Grapes gelatin desserts (Jell-C		Uniform texture/ thickness	Start diet	
et)					
latin)	Omoyu gelatin	Negitoro, Chawanmushi		Dysphagia diet1	
	Omoyu gelatin	Foie gras mousse		Dysphagia diet2	
	Kayu, Gelatin kayu	Mizuyoukan, Egg dishes	Varying texture/ thickness	Dysphagia diet3	
tional diet)	Cooked rice, Kayu	Koshian, Kabocha, Stewed tender food		Transitional diet (care facility diet plan)	
	Cooked rice, Mochi	Shiitake, Bread roll, Gomokumame, Hijiki		Normal diet	

Omoyu gelatin (rice broth based gelatin), Kayu (rice gruel), Gelatin kayu (gelatin based rice gruel), Mochi (Japanese rice cake made of mochigome, a short-grain japonica glutinous rice), Negitoro (the fatty flesh of tuna minced to a paste and mixed with chopped green leaves of Welsh onions). Chavamushi (a cup-steamed egg custard hotchpotch), Foie gras (a food product made of the liver of a duck or goose that has been special) fattened), Mizuyoukan (a thick, soft jelleid dessard made of de been paste), Koshian (boiled, mashed sweet red been paste), Kabocha (Japanese pumpkin; a variety of winter squash of the species Cucurbita maxima), Shiitake (a variety of edible Japanese mushroom), Gomokumame (a Japanese dish consisting of cooked soybeans with various vegetables), Hijiki (a type of edible seaweed; Hizikia fusiforme)